



### **Policing Plan Performance**

**Quarter 2 2025/26** 

# Integrity Compassion Professionalism



### **Background – All Crime**

Crime has increased this quarter (Jul – Sep 2025) compared to the previous quarter (Apr – Jun 2025) by 3.8% (+81). This is within tolerance levels and remains below the average of the past 3 years (Oct 2022- Sep 2025). We have seen slightly decreased levels to the equivalent quarter in 2024 (Q2 2025) showing a -2.5% decrease (-55).

The past 12 months (July 2024 – June 2025) has seen a 6.1% reduction in crime (-569) compared with the previous 12 months (Oct 2023 – Sep 2024). This is due to the specific and continued reduction in crime levels since December 2024 to date.

This quarter saw a total of 2211 occurrences this is similar to FQ2 24/25 last year where we saw 2279 ( $-3\% \sim -68$  occurrences)

In our neighbouring force (Metropolitan Police Service) the trends are slightly different. This quarter the MPS have seen a smaller percentage increase (+1.2%) compared to COLPs 3.8% however when looking across the previous 12 months the MPS has seen a lesser overall reduction in crime (1.1%) compared to CoLP which has seen a 6.1% reduction.





## **Keeping people in the City safe** and Feeling safe

## Reduce and respond to Theft and Violence Summary Page

Data Trend



### **Reducing Theft**

- Combined the 3 main theft offences have seen a minor 5.4% (+59) increase this quarter (FQ2 25/26) compared to last quarter (FQ1 25/26)
- Offences are on a reducing trend with a 6.9% reduction (-342) comparing the current 12 month period (Oct 24 Sep 25) with the previous 12 months (Oct 23- Sep 24).
- Theft from person offences decreased by 11.3% (-37 offences) this quarter compared to last quarter and a significant 8% decrease compared to FQ2 24/25

### **Responding to Theft**

- 100% of incident raised with command and control were attended with immediate and significant grade response times are above service level of 95% attended within the appropriate timeframe (15min and 60min respectively).
- Combined the 3 offences have an overall positive outcome rate of 10.7% higher than the national average of 9%.
- Shoplifting and "All other theft" positive outcomes remain above the national average, theft from the person offences are in line with but not above the national average.

### **Reducing Violence**

- Violence against the person offences increased by 12.4% (+39) this quarter (FQ2 25/26) compared to last quarter (FQ1 25/26)
- Violence against the person offences are on a decreasing trend with a 2.3% decrease comparing the current 12 month period (Oct 24 Sep 25) with the previous 12 months.
- VAWG offences have increased slightly by 6.5% (+9) but have decreased by -5% in annual comparisons.

### Respond effectively to violence

- 100% of incident raised with command and control were attended with immediate and significant grade response times are above service level of 90% attended within the appropriate timeframe (15min and 60min respectively).
- Violence against the person positive outcome rate of 15.2% with 14.5% of investigations from the past 12 months still ongoing, higher than the national average of 9%.
- VAWG positive outcome rate of 8.2% in the past 12 months with no significant change from the previous quarter.





### Reduce theft

The most prevalent theft offences in the City of London and therefore the focus of this measure in 2025/26 consist of theft from person, Shoplifting and All Other Theft offences (most commonly theft from premises offences).

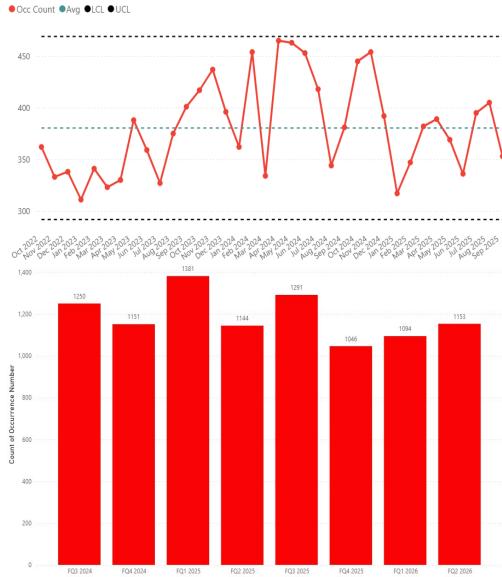
These three theft offences have seen a 5.4% (+59) increase this quarter (FQ2 25/26) compared to last quarter (FQ1 25/26). The increase seen between FQ1 25/26 and FQ2 25/26 was not shown in the equivalent quarters last year where we saw a 17% decrease (-237) but this was due to the sharp decrease in occurrences in FQ2 24/25 from the near above tolerance levels in FQ1 24/25. Theft occurrences have remained similar to FQ2 24/25 and 23/24 (-41).

Overall these offences remain within tolerance levels. Offences are on a reducing trend with a 6.9% reduction (-342) comparing the current 12 month period (Oct 24 – Sep 25) with the previous 12 months (Oct 23- Sep 24). Our neighbouring force the Metropolitan Police recorded a 1% decrease for these offences across the same period.

Shoplifting occurrences have remained relatively stable increasing by 1.3% (+5 offences) this quarter compared to FQ1 25/26, furthermore, are stable compared to FQ1 24/25 (+2.4%  $\sim$  +9 offences). In April 2025 Home Office Counting Rule Guidance change. This has led to a change in how offences are recorded with some shoplifting offences now being recorded as robbery offences where violence has been threatened. The overall level of retail theft (including both robbery and shop theft) increased 21.7% last quarter after the introduction (+74) compared to FQ4 23/24 but this quarter has remained relatively stable (+7) compared to FQ1 25/26.

All other theft offences saw a significant 23% increase (+91 offences) this quarter compared to last quarter (FQ1 25/26). We have also seen a minor 5% increase on FQ1 24/25 (+24 offences). However, All other theft offences are on a reducing trend, due to the low levels of theft offences seen in FQ4 and FQ1, with a 10.9% reduction (-220) comparing the current 12month period ( Oct 24 – Sep 25) with the previous 12 months (Oct 23- Sep 24).

Theft from person offences decreased by 11.3% (-37 offences) this quarter compared to last quarter and an 8% decrease compared to FQ1 24/25 (-24 offences). Snatch offences remain the most prevalent type of offending making up 47% of theft from person offences (135 offences this quarter), however this is a significant reduction on FQ2 24/25 where snatch offences made up 65% of theft from person offences. Theft from person offences have not significantly changed but are decreasing (-2.7%  $\sim$  -39) comparing the current 12 month period ( Oct 24 – Sep 25) with the previous 12 month (Oct 23- Sep 24).



Fiscal Quarter Year

Data Trend



#### In response

- Op Swipe has seen great success over the past quarter with a focus on prevention and detection. In total there have been 1290 Op Swipe Tasking hours and over 442 engagements.
- The Op Swipe intensification week outputs saw
- 3 Warrant executed with 1 arrested and large number of items seized
- 40 illegal bikes seized One of significant power and often used in snatch offending
- 3 x Phone marking events in hot spot locations with an estimated over 300 phone marking kits used.
- An increased number of intelligence submissions from both Op Swipe warrants and Hot Spot deployments.

There has also been a focus on risky retail premises related to shoplifting offending and putting into place action plans to combat offending across 2 specific locations namely Cheapside and Bishopsgate where offending is highest. Already this has seen positive results with the arrest of an individual suspected of committing a significant number of offences with an offender management order application being prepared pending a successful conviction.

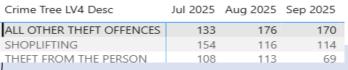
#### **Looking Ahead**

The focus on Theft from Person and Snatch offences remains a key priority for both business as usual prevention as well as through the funded Hotspots policing program.

Improved analysis through the Problem Orientated Policing has deepened understanding of which roads and venues are contributing the most to hotspot areas allowing designated patrol plans and routes to be developed.

FQ3 will see a focussed approach for the Christmas period where we have historically seen an increase in theft from premises offending specifically linked to the night time economy. This will include consideration of the increase seen this guarter (FQ2).

A partnership problem solving approach is being taken to target key crime areas during the festive period utilising the newly trained predictive hotspot analysis which is being successfully utilised for Op Swipe and retail theft at present.



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### Respond effectively to theft

#### Incident Response

CoLP continues to provide a good service level in response to theft incidents this quarter attending 100% of occasions where an incident is raised on our command-and-control system usually as a result of somebody phoning wither 999, 101 or our local force control room number.

This quarter 96.5% (115) of all theft incidents raised as an immediate graded response were attended within the 15 min expected. This is a minor decrease (-1.4%) on FQ1 25/26 however above the 95% service level. These incidents had an average response time of 7.3 min this quarter (+1.2 mins). This is a slight increase from FQ1 25/26 (+1.2 mins) however not significantly different to the past 12 months average.

98.9% (91) of all theft incidents raised as a significant graded incident were attended within the 60 min expected. This is a 4.3% increase on last quarter FQ1 25/26 and a 1.9% increase on FQ1 25/26. This is above the 95% service level expected. These incidents had an average response time of 18.9 min. This is not significantly different to last quarter or FQ2 24/25.

CoLP continues to have a very low number of theft incidents requiring an extended response - 1 this quarter, compared to 10 in FQ4 24/25 and 6 in FQ1 24/25. All were attended within the 48hrs expected this quarter.

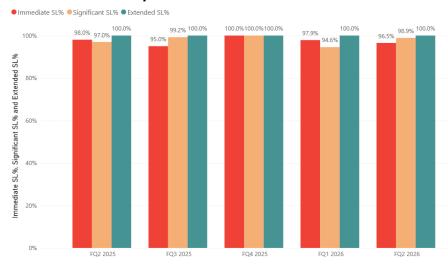
#### Investigative Response

The proportion of the three most prevalent theft offences recorded with a positive investigatory outcome between Oct 24 and Sep 2025 is 10.7%. With 5.4% of offences still ongoing. The latest published national average for these three offences shows a 9% positive outcome rate and 4.1% of investigations are still ongoing.

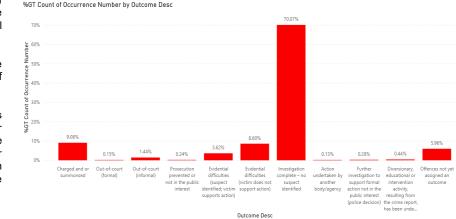
The proportion of positive outcomes does vary significantly between type of offence due to differing suspect identification opportunities aligned to the method of offending.

Shoplifting offences have a positive outcome proportion of 24.8% for offences recorded between Oct 24 – Sep 25. The latest published national average for these offences is 18%. Theft from the Person offences have a positive outcome proportion for the period of 1.1% the latest published national average for these offences is 1.3%. All other theft offences have a positive outcome proportion for the same period of 6.7% the latest published national average for these offences is 2.1%.

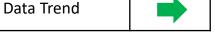
### Incident Response



### Investigative Response



### Incident Response



The prompt attendance rate is allowing CoLP to respond in the most effective way to volume crime by early opportunities for evidence gathering and victim confidence. This is enabling more effective investigations and securing better outcomes for victims at a rate higher than national averages.

We are expecting that the time to attend incidents should remain stable and that service levels will remain above the standards set.

We do not at this time believe any factors will impact CoLPs ability to respond to incidents effectively however are consistently reviewing this and competing demands through our business planning process over the coming 12 months to ensure the profile of response teams are appropriately aligned to demand. As the number of student officers recruited under the uplift programme complete their initial training in the response teams and move into other vacancies across the force incident response may need to be reviewed.

#### **Investigative Response**

Op Swipe remains the priority area in terms detection of crime specifically focussed on theft from person (snatch offences). Theft from the person 1.1% has remained static. Op Swipe is not currently showing a conversion into charges, so this will be investigated further however, a lot of seizures have been undertaken and an increase in positive outcomes may be seen in future quarters after investigations have completed. It is currently being investigated how many Op Swipe offenders caught by CoLP have also committed thefts outside the CoLP boundary, specifically the within the MPS.

Op Swipe is a bespoke response to the emerging issue of phone thefts in the square mile. This includes an effective investigative response across volume, serious and complex crimes and proactive work through our serious and organised crime teams (Op Ewloe).

CoLP has invested in new technology, 'IRIS' (Image Recognition and Identification System) which displays images of unidentified suspects in an Instagram-like gallery. It's a much quicker and easier way for users to scroll through the images and identify suspects. This software is assisting and accelerating the identification of offenders allowing swifter justice for victims. This went live during Q2 and benefits should be seen during Q3 and Q4 in terms of conversion to outcome rates for victims. The Pursue focussed action day that took place in September is likely to further improve outcome rates for snatch offences.

We continue to investigate Shoplifting and Theft from premises offences well and have no plans to change our investigation practices currently. Instead, we are working with retailers to make the process of reporting more efficient as part of ongoing work to improve our productivity. However, for shoplifting offences there is an ambition to achieve more, we are in a good place being above the national average but could do more and discussion are ongoing within the force to discuss what our stretch targets should be.



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### **Reduce Violence**

In 2024/25 CoLP began focusing on the most harmful violence offences which include violence against the person offences and violence against women and girls which includes broader offences including sexual offending.

Violence against the person offences increased this quarter by 12.4% (+39) compared to the previous quarter FQ1 25/26. However, it has remained relatively stable (-8) compared to FQ2 24/25. Analysing data for the most recent 12-month period (Oct 2024 – Sep 2025) and comparing it to the preceding 12 months (Oct 2023 – Sep 2024) it has remained stable with a 0.3% increase (+4). FQ2 is often higher for violence offending aligned to increased NTE activity during summer months.

Violence without injury" has significantly increased in levels this quarter (FQ2 25/26) compared to last quarter (FQ1 25/26) ( +27% ~ +45) and are similar to FQ2 24/25 (+4). Violence without injury offences remain thee largest proportion of violence against the person offences (59%).

Violence with injury offences have also remained consistent this quarter (-5.4%  $\sim$  -6 offences) compared to last quarter. The predominant offence this quarter continues to be the lower harm offence of Assault occasioning ABH (60% of violence with injury offences). Whilst an overall increase in Violence against the person offences has been seen this quarter the harm aligned to these offences is less than was seen in FQ2 2024/25.

Stalking and harassment offences have remained stable with (+0) offences this quarter compared to last quarter. We continue to be well within tolerance levels. Furthermore, we have seen a 14% decrease (-6) this quarter compared to the equivalent quarter in 2024 (FQ2 24/25).

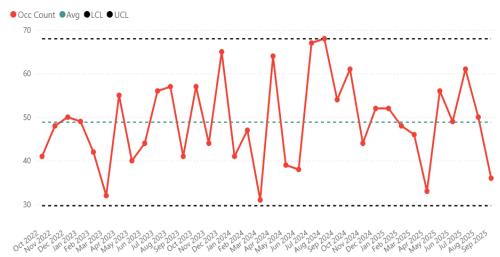
Offences related to Violence against women and girls has seen a minor increase (6.5% +9) this quarter compared to last quarter (FQ1 25/26), however we have seen a significant decrease when compared to FQ2 24/25 (--22.2% ~ -42). This is due to the near above tolerance levels seen in July and Aug 2024 which were not seen in 2025 which related to sexual offences in 2024/25. Analysing data for the most recent 12-month period (Oct 2024 – Sep 2025) and comparing it to the preceding 12 months (Oct 2023 – Sep 2024) VAWG offences have decreased by 3.8%.

Violence against the person offences continue to be the most prevalent crime type making up 46% of VAWG offences over the past 12 months (268 crimes), followed by Public Order offences of threatening words and behaviour at 30% of offences (178 crimes), followed by sexual offences which make up 23% of these offences (136 crimes).

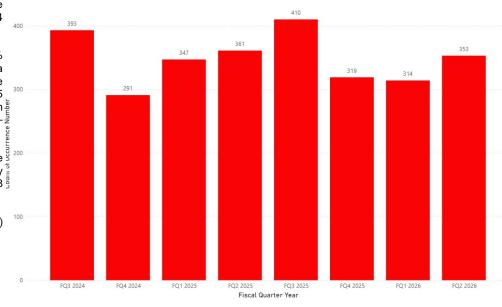
Violence against women and girls continues to make up the same small proportion (6%) of all crime in this guarter and 20% of violent crime offences this guarter.

## Crime Tree LV4 Desc Jul 2025 Aug 2025 Sep 2025 STALKING AND HARASSMENT 15 11 11 VIOLENCE WITH INJURY 32 49 24 VIOLENCE WITHOUT INJURY 84 56 71

### **Violence against Women and Girls**



### Violence against the person



Data Trend



#### In response

A spike in violent offences has been seen this past quarter as per seasonal trends, this peak is significantly less than previous years due to prevention methods adopted. This has allowed CoLP to identify what works and plan initiatives for the festive period where we also see seasonal peaks.

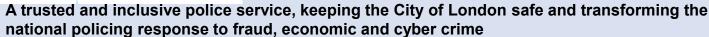
The current problem oriented policing projects being undertaken for sexual offending and serious violence in the Night time economy has given us great insights and a review has been undertaken with intelligence to assess our high visibility hotspot hours. This quarter COLP focussed visible patrols on hotspot locations and hours for violence in the night time economy in Bishopsgate. This quarter we have seen a 21% reduction in violent crime in this area. This has given us the first indication that targeted data driven responses can be proven to have successful impact.

Additionally Op Reframe launched their welfare bus, a joint initiative with the business improvement group. Placed in the hotspot area of Liverpool street, it can be used as a refuge point as well as also allowing officers to deal with early signs of alcohol related violent offences. This is planning to be available, Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays in the run up to Christmas.

Wave training, ask for Angela testing and licensing premise testing have continued to be undertaken this quarter. Furthermore, the hotel toolkit is being finalised to tackle sexual and violence offences within hotels, our second largest proportion of sexual offences in the city, This is toolkit is due to be implemented in phases to risky premises in FQ3 aligned to the expected seasonal increase.

Additionally this quarter improved data and analysis sharing has taken place with the City of London Corporation specifically relating to the safer city partnership. This is so planning for the Q3 prevention approach can be finalised with a strong focus on VAWG and broader Violence offending during the festive period.

Unlike acquisitive crime we are not seeing repeat offenders or victims aligned to violence offences or VAWG in the city and are therefore taking a risky venue approach targeting repeat venues where practices could be improved to reduce crime against all patrons.







#### **Incident Response**

CoLP continues to provide a good service level in response to violence this quarter attending 100% of occasions where an incident is raised on our command-and-control system usually as a result of somebody phoning 999, 101 or our local force control room number.

Respond effectively to violence

This quarter 97.5% (161) of all violence related crime incidents raised as an immediate graded response were attended within the 15min expected. This is an increase from FQ1 25/26 (+3%) and above the 95% service level. These incidents had an average response time of 7.6 mins this quarter. This is consistent with FQ1 25/26 and FQ2 24/25 as well as the past 12months of reporting.

100% (66) of all violence related incidents raised as a significant graded incident were attended within the 60min expected, this is an increase from last quarter (+3.9%) and the same as FQ2 24/25. This is above the 95% service level expected. These incidents had an average response time of 16 mins a decrease of 6 mins from the last guarter or FQ1 25/26.

CoLP continues to have a very low number of violent incidents requiring an extended response 3 this quarter, similar to FQ1 25/26 which saw 3 and 4 in FQ1 24/25. All were attended within the 48hrs expected this quarter.

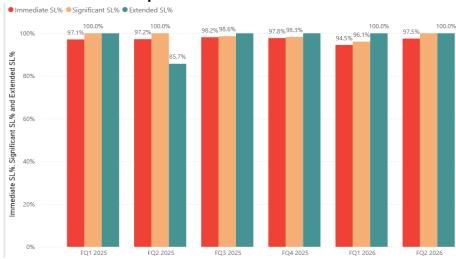
#### **Investigative Response**

CoLP continues to investigate violence against the person offences well. For crimes recorded in the past 12 months (Oct 24 – Sep 25) 15.2% have reached a positive outcome, with 14.5% still ongoing. This is higher than the latest national average of 9.3% and is not significantly different to the 12 month average recorded in FQ1 25/26.

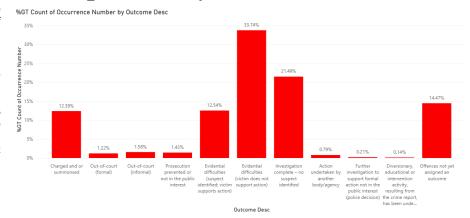
There is no significant difference between violence against the person offence types recorded in the past 12 months.

8.2% of violence against women and girls offences recorded in the past 12 months (Oct 24- Sep 25) have reached a positive outcome with a higher level of these offences still ongoing (18.5%) This is due to the complex sexual offences that fall under this category that can have a longer investigation length than violence against the person offences. This is not significantly different to FQ1 25/26.

### Incident Response



### Investigative Response



#### **Incident Response**

Violent incidents generally occur in a much smaller timeframe (5 hours of the day across 3 days of the week) specifically Thur-Sat between 9pm and 2am. This differs to the theft profile which sees offending across a much broader timeframe (10 hrs a day across 5 days of the week), for theft this specifically occurs Mon-Fri between the hours of 10am-8pm. This means a lot of the violence incidents are occurring within the same short period however, even with these significant peaks CoLP has managed to increase its incident response rates from last quarter.

As with theft we are expecting that the time to attend incidents may slightly increase but service levels will remain above the standards set. We may see a risk of post midnight incidents near the festive period reducing incident response rates due to reduction in resources. CoLP is monitoring the increase in demand over the festive period especially during weekends and a resourcing plan has been put into place for the forecasted increase in demand.

In September 25 CoLP moved towards a different structure across local policing with a Force Incident Manager role being implemented. Alongside this an improved tasking process is being implemented and is expected to further improve how we respond to incidents and how efficiently we use available resources to ensure the right resource is in the right place at the right time.

#### **Investigative Response**

Most investigations involving violence with and without injury sit within our Criminal Investigation Department (CID) and Volume Crime Unit. Sexual offending and domestic abuse cases are investigated by specialist officers in the Public Protection Unit and are on duty 7 days a week to support. There remains the ambition to extend positive outcome rates over Q3, which will be assisted by the closing of vacancies in CID and VCU.

CoLP is also looking to understand better if victim reporting practices impact our ability to investigate certain offences and will be reviewing this at the Crime Standards Board.



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### **Protect the City from Terrorism**

The threat to the UK from International terrorism remains SUBSTANTIAL.

Despite large protests in central London (Westminster), Q2 has witnessed no discernible impact in relation to the Palestine Action proscription, made in June (Q1), for CoLP CT, with minimal impact made on CT resources.

#### **Protect**

During Q2 2025, CoLP Protect have delivered the following training sessions to our City community:

- ACT (Action Counter Terrorism) Awareness 1 session to 28 individuals / ACT Operational 1 session to 9 individuals / SCaN Customer Facing 12 sessions to 150 individuals / CT briefings / Threat Updates 6 sessions to 88 individuals / Personal Security 2 sessions to 3 individuals / Postal awareness 1 session 8 individuals / Bespoke Tabletop Exercise 1 session to 7 individuals.
- Weekly bridge calls 13 calls to an average of 40 individuals each call.
- 21 new Pavement licences issued, and 7 planning applications received.

While these figures are lower when compared to Q1, this is due to the summer period and has been experienced in previous years.

Following on from the success of previous CT Protect Events, the Protect team delivered their annual event 'CT2025' on 23<sup>rd</sup> September. The event focused on the latest advancements and trends within the industry and included presentations from the NPSA, Home Office and a victim of the 7/7 attacks. The event brought together over 200 attendees from both public and private industry for insightful discussions and networking opportunities. The event was held at 22 Bishopsgate, on level 58 the Horizon viewing platform.

Overall Tasking Hours delivered during Q2: July 2025 – 3715.22 / August 2025 – 3201.74 / September 2025 – 2905.73 TOTAL for Q2 9,822.69 (21% decrease from Q1 2025 which can be attributed to the summer months which experience higher staff abstractions through leave).

#### **Prepare**

Q2 has seen the Prepare team operating at full strength with 1 Inspector, 1 Sergeant and 1 Constable now in post.

Work relating to Op Halcyon and Op Cyclamen has continued into Q2, with CT Prepare officers preparing to test the force's ability to mobilise CBRN trained officers with no notice. Upon request by CT Prepare, a working group for CBRN was consequently created by the force's CRBN lead which will allow further discussions around training, policy, and test/ exercise. Op Plato work has also continued in Q2, with a multifaceted exercise regarding an Op Plato incident being attended by Prepare officers. During Q2, CoLP Prepare have delivered training days with Response teams which have covered a range of subjects incident management and major incidents. Likewise, the team have supported the introduction and continuous personal development of the force's force incident management.

#### **Prevent**

Q2 has seen 5 Prevent referrals submitted directly into the CoLP Prevent Team, a 28.5% decrease from Q1. All referrals were fully deconflicted by the CoLP team with 4 transferred to the MPS (where subjects reside) with one being closed by CoLP. The start of Q2 additionally saw the CoLP Prevent team continue to provide support to MPS Prevent teams, with 4 referrals being fully deconflicted by CoLP before being referred into the MPS. The CoLP Prevent team are additionally now the pan-London SPOC for referrals where the subject is of no fixed abode. The team received 3 referrals of this nature during Q2, 1 of which will remain with CoLP, due to the subject being of no fixed abode within the City of London. The subject is in the process of being referred to a Channel panel. (Of the remaining 2 reports, 1 was closed by CoLP and 1 was directed to an MPS borough)

#### <u>Pursue</u>

A total of 24 Op Lightning reports were submitted into CoLP during Q2 – an increase of 26% when compared to Q1 2025. Iconic sites which featured in reporting included Tower Bridge, St Pauls Cathedral, Mansion House and the Guildhall, while repeat reporting was experienced at the same business premises in King William Street (x 3 reports), the general area around Paternoster Square (x 2 reports) and 22 Bishopsgate (x 2 reports). Reporting continues to be highest from our City based security personnel (79%). 13 reports detailed individuals taking photographs / filming, 5 reports listed the un-authorised flying of drones, 4 reports listed general suspicious behaviour, and 2 reports listed individuals asking suspicious questions to security staff. As of 01.10.2025 seven reports continue to have enquiries being undertaken, all remaining reports have been fully investigated and closed deemed non-suspicious.





### **Protect the City from Terrorism**

The One CTP London change Programme is working to create a Counter Terrorism Unit (CTU) for the entire London region, bringing together CTP capabilities from SO15, Protective Security Operations (PSO) and the City of London Police's Counter Terrorism expertise into one CT unit. When complete, CTP London will deliver all four P's of CONTEST under a single leadership across the London region. CoLP CT funding will remain unchanged and all staff and officers will stay in the city footprint. Leadership, governance and reporting will be formalised at all levels into CoLP to ensure the force has the capability and information required to support CT policing across the city.

Recommendations

Pursue: City of London FIMU joins CTP London FIMU as a virtual FIMU with estates presence and employment in the City

**Prevent:** City of London Prevent aligns to local Borough (in place)

Protect & Prepare: No formal structural changes, however, CoLP will be embedded within all governance forums with the aim for CoLP have continued access to the same level of information, insight and support.

The programme should be fully delivered by the end of 2026



## Put victims at the heart of everything we do

### Put victims at the heart of everything we do- Overview

Data Trend



- Victim Satisfaction
- The average overall victim satisfaction score for Q2 2025/26 was 4.06 out of 5. This is similar to Q1 25/26 showing a +0.09 increase.
- The Victim satisfaction Score 24hrs after reporting has decreased this quarter and the victim satisfaction score 24hrs after outcome has increased however both remain within tolerance levels.
- Case Compliance with Victims Code of Practice
- This quarter CoLP's average compliance is 96.4% across these metrics. This is an increase on last quarter based on that January process change. It is not yet possible to provide historic data for this and we will establish a baselines as the year continues.
- CoLP has set 90% as the compliance level for all these metrics and has consistently been above this for all 3 metrics this quarter.
- Secure positive outcomes for victims of crime in the City
- For crimes recorded in the past 12 months (July 24 June 25) 14.2% have reached a positive outcome which is above the national average of 10.7% and above our neighbouring police force (Metropolitan Police) of 8.5%.
- For victim-based crimes (as a subset of all crime) recorded in the past 12 months 10.9% have reached a positive outcome rate, well above the national average of 7%.





In Q2 2025, we had a total of 100 responses to the survey. This has increased by 30 responses since the last quarter which provides a response rate of 4.24%.

After a technical issue in the automated referral process in Q1 where only 1,484 surveys were sent out to our victims, this quarter we sent out 2333 surveys, which is similar to previous quarters.

The average overall victim satisfaction score for Q2 2025/26 was 4.06 out of 5. This is similar to Q1 25/26 showing a +0.09 increase. To compare this with Q2 24/25 this was 3.69 showing a significant increase of 0.37.

The tool surveys victims at two points in their journey both 24hrs after reporting and 24hrs after an outcome is applied to their investigation. The average post reporting score in Q2 is 4.06. This has decreased (-0.49) since the last quarter and consistently remains above 4 suggesting victims are very satisfied with the initial response they are provided following a crime report.

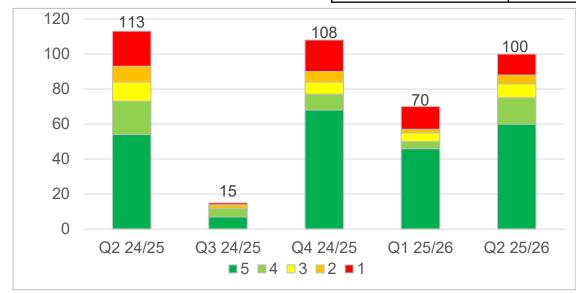
The average score following an outcome being applied to an investigation is 3.9 this quarter. This is significantly different to last quarter (+0.5). The post investigation score is consistently lower, often negatively influenced if the investigation is unsuccessful. Also recorded on the post recording survey is needs met, this quarter the average score was 4.2 which is an increase (+0.82) since Q1.

In Q2 2025, the top themes mentioned as a positive talking point were speed of service and steps taken. These suggest a positive response from responding officers. It is important to note that speed of service was a negative theme last quarter, so this has positively changed.

The top themes mentioned as a negative talking point were outcomes and communication. Communication is the same as last quarter but will be monitored to ensure themes in victim concerns are fed back into teams through the victim services board.

The victim services manager is now in post and work is continuing to adapt the victim survey to ensure it is accessible and is reaching as many people as possible, as well as ensuring that it is being received at an optimum time to be responded too.







### Case Compliance with Victims Code of Practice

0.00%

Feb-25 Mar-25

**Data Trend** 



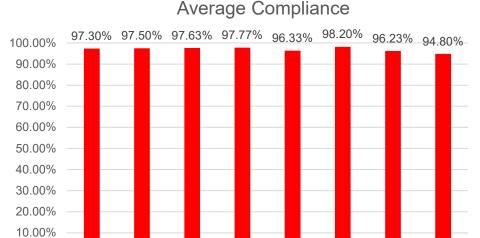
CoLP is committed to providing a good level of service to victims. We monitor compliance for the following things within the Victims Code of Practice:

- Whether we are creating an agreement with the victim to identify what they can expect from CoLP as their investigation progresses (VCOP
- Whether a victim's needs have been assessed. (VNA Compliance)
- Whether we are keeping the victim informed of the investigation progress as set out in the initial agreement. (Victim Update Compliance)

CoLP monitors this for all victim based crime investigations.

In January 2025 we changed the recording of these items to allow for greater quantitative and qualitative scrutiny. You will see a lower level of compliance in January reflecting this change in process.

This quarter CoLP's average compliance is 96.4% across these metrics. This is a minor decrease on last quarter due to a lower level of compliance 94.4% for Victim update. However CoLP has set 90% as the compliance level for all these metrics and has consistently been above this for all 3 metrics this quarter and since the new recording changes were put into place.





#### In Response

First, second and senior managers are continuing to use performance and data dashboards to monitor compliance rates across these metrics.

This enables them to view the work across their teams and meet the goals which have been set. We have also been trialling the automatic notification of supervisors when performance levels drop to establish if this is a viable further technological support to ensure we meet the needs of our victims.

These performance metrics are also measured at Crime Standards Board, Local Performance Boards and at directorate meetings and are firmly embedded in performance frameworks both tactically and strategically across COLP.

This approach has maintained focus and allowed continuous improvement across Q2.

Quality Assurance Thematic Testing remains in place and checks qualitative aspect of crime management and victims focus. The thematic areas for scrutiny are determined by the crime standards board and delivered through the crime scrutiny group.

CoLP is in a strong position in 2025 so far and have been above the 90% compliance rate consistently. We have noted less stable compliance rates within Criminal Investigation Department (CID). After investigation it has been identified supervisory 28 day reviews are a compliance issue and in response a posting priority has been made to engage strong leadership in this area to increase compliance and further, stabilise this above threshold compliance rate month on month.

Notable the Volume Crime Unit which carries a high proportion of COLPs investigations has consistently been above tolerance levels at 99-100% on a continuing basis and we are reassured this will continue.

There is now a strong focus on the consistency of data leadership within the force.



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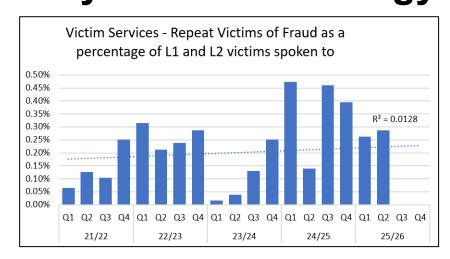
The Report Fraud Victim Services Unit supports forces at a local level, delivering care to victims of fraud and cyber-crime, allowing for a consistent and national standard of care and support. The Level 1 service gives Protect/Prevent advice to non-vulnerable victims of fraud. The Level 2 service engages with victims when vulnerability is identified, and by giving crime prevention advice and signposting to local support services helps the victim to cope and recover from the fraud.

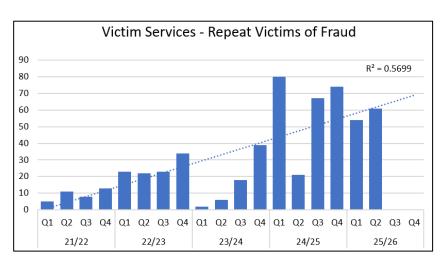
The definition of a repeat victim is "a second or subsequent report by a victim of fraud who has had previous contact with Victim Services within a rolling 12-month period".

The graph showing the number of repeat victims demonstrates an upwards trend with the volume of these victims rising steadily. However, the graph showing repeat victims as a percentage of victims contacted by telephone has a much more consistent trend of around 0.2%.

In 2023/24 Victim Services received additional funding and more staff to increase the number of forces supported by the service. Victim Services now support 43 forces in England and Wales at level 1 and provides 38 forces with an additional service at level 2 (formerly 6 forces), with talks to onboard more in the future.

In Q2 there were 61 repeat victims, compared to 54 last quarter. Whilst the graph showing the number of repeat victims demonstrates an upwards trend, this correlates to the increase in service delivery and expansion of the service over the past few years. In this wider context, the graph showing repeat victims as a percentage of victims contacted by telephone demonstrates that the proportions remain consistent at around 0.2% and has never exceeded 0.5% or 80 victims in a quarter.





#### In Response

In Q2 Victim Services took responsibility for the Vulnerable Person Alerts process to identify victims potentially in need of safeguarding. This will be supported by NFIB until Report Fraud's launch.

In Q3, Victim Services will implement a new Crime Recording Management System (CRM) designed to streamline administrative tasks and automate processes. During the initial implementation there may be a temporary dip in performance as staff adapt to the new system. However, as confidence and proficiency grow, the CRM is expected to enhance efficiency and overall service delivery. The new technology will also allow us to record repeat victims for the level 1 service. Therefore, in the future, this will show an increase that current technology does not allow for.

Victim Services will soon be providing a consistent service to all persons who report to Report Fraud across England and Wales, ending previously agreed local exceptions. This change ensures an equitable service for all victims, removing regional disparities and ensuring each report is handled in-line with Victim Services' policies and procedures. As has been observed with the previous increase in forces, it is expected that the volume of repeat victims will rise due to this growth.

Victims feel safer – A victim survey has been launched, measuring whether victims feel safer and more confident after contact with an Advocate. Results from Q2 2025/26 show that 79% of respondents felt more confident following contact with the level 2 service, 61% felt safer, and an overall 98% were satisfied with the service provided. Response levels to the survey have risen to 6% and are expected to continue to rise as the process is embedded.





### Secure positive outcomes for victims of crime

in the City

City of London Police analyses all outcomes applied to crimes, not just positive outcomes, as well as comparing outcomes for specific crime types through its crime standards board to ensure any anomalies can be considered, understood and where required addressed.

CoLP continues to have strong positive outcome rates for all crimes and for victim-based crimes compared to national figures. For all crimes recorded in the past 12 months (Oct 24 – Sep 25) 14.2% (1200 occurrences) have reached a positive outcome which is above the national average of 10.7% and above our neighbouring police force (Metropolitan Police) of 8.5%. CoLP has a high proportion of Investigation complete no suspect identified outcomes when compared nationally. This is largely due to the disproportionate volume of Theft offences within its crime profile when compared to other force crime profiles which have higher proportions of violence offences related often to domestic offences.

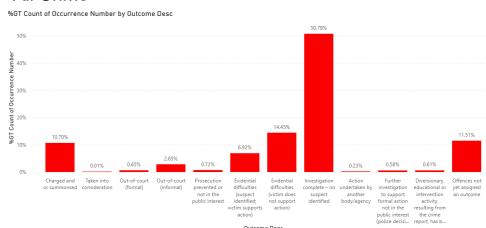
As a specific focus CoLP is keen to ensure victim-based crimes have a good positive outcome rate. For victim-based crimes (as a subset of all crime) recorded in the past 12 months 10.9% (800 occurrences) have reached a positive outcome rate, well above the national average of 7%.

These are not significantly different to the 12month outcome rate in FQ1 25/26.

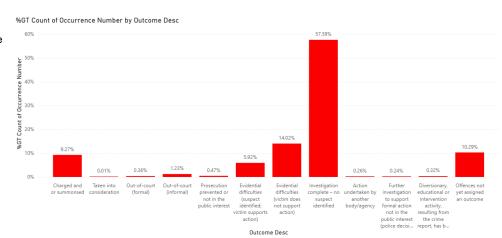
Some notable areas of good positive outcome rates for crimes recorded in the past 12 months ( Oct 24 – Sep 25) are;

24.6% Shoplifting offences 12.5% Burglary- Business 17.3% Violence without injury

### All Crime



### Victim based



#### In Response

A Strategic lead for improving outcome proportions has been implemented this quarter, this is both in response to HMICFRS area for improvement and to ensure ownership for achieving COLPs ambition to improve positive outcomes for victims.

**Data Trend** 

Their initial focus is on the outcomes for theft offences, specifically theft from the person offence outcomes, which are low nationally and within COLP as identified earlier in this performance report.

Op Swipe will have a large role in this upwards drive. It is important to note however, theft offences, especially theft from the person, have very low positive outcome rates nationally and the challenge to increase these are being seen by forces across the country.

We are seeing high positive outcome rates for certain crimes such as shoplifting and are investigating if anymore can be done to keep those outcomes above the national average.

Furthermore, FQ2 focused on closing vacancy gaps across the specialist operations portfolio.

In FQ3 there is a focus on maintaining Continuous Professional Development for investigative officers. We have also embarked on a support and awareness program from Specialist fraud investigation colleagues to support those conducting fraud investigations within the specialist operations portfolio to reinforce our focus on securing positive outcomes for victims of fraud in the city too.



Improve the national policing response to fraud, economic and cyber crime

### Protect people and businesses from economic and

Data Trend



Percentage of PROTECT engagement event attendees (organisations and public) likely to change their behaviours as a result of the event.

cyber crime

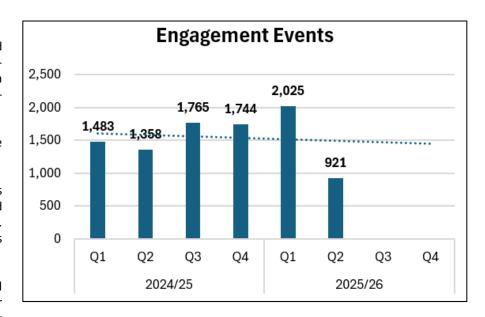
For Q2, 921 engagement events were recorded under the fraud and cyber protect response type this quarter. This is a 55% decrease (-1,104) in comparison to Q1 25/26 and a 32% decrease in comparison to the same quarter for the previous year Q2 24/25 (-437).

Protect engagement events are reporting 7% (-229) under the quarterly benchmark for this year.

September reported 0 engagement events due to Op Tonic which is a one-week Romance Fraud intensification initiative, for "World Romance Fraud Scam Prevention Day" on the 3rd October 2025. September was a big month for the network with most members attending the romance fraud conference.

This quarter 98% of attendees were either very satisfied or satisfied with the event. Additionally, 99% were likely to change their behaviour as a direct result of the event. The figures show a very positive response towards audience behaviour change for Q2.

The valuable work the National Protect Network does reflects in the overall figure of over 99% of audience members stating the engagement/event had improved their knowledge of different types of Fraud and Scams.



### In Response

The fraud protect surveys continue to be adopted by the national Fraud Protect Network during their presentations, events and interactions with citizens and businesses across the country. The National Lead for Protect and the Home Office have emphasised to the Regional Coordinators how important they are. Staff consistently receive high praise from attendees for the quality of information shared, and their delivery.

In Q2, three regions took part in **Project Aegis** (Tarian ~ Wales ROCU, West midlands ROCU and South East ROCU). Project Aegis is a collaboration with the Home Office, City of London Police and London School of Economics (LSE). Project Aegis focusses on areas identified by the London School of Economics which they consider are at risk of Online Shopping Fraud or Investment Fraud. Two different Protect advice measures were given to be applied; a letter, and face to face Protect advice. The LSE will look at effectiveness of the project by analysing Action Fraud reporting data.

### **Projects for Q3:**

Work will continue at universities raising awareness of frauds targeting students. Full details of this will be available after Freshers events nationally.

Staying Safe - Fraud Protect & Cyber Security in Social Care. Designed specifically for professionals working in the social care sector, three evening events will be held at local libraries with experts from Essex Police and author Becky Holmes. They will share tips on how to spot common scams and protect yourself from Romance fraud.





## Status of the Fraud and Cyber Crime Reporting and Analysis Service programme

Assessment of the status of the Fraud and Cyber Crime Reporting and Analysis Service (FCCRAS) programme

#### Overview:

The City of London Police, through the FCCRAS programme, is delivering the replacement service for the underperforming Action Fraud; a critical component of the Fraud Strategy. The new service will deliver much-enhanced reporting and analytical services which align with the strategic aims of HMG's Fraud Strategy (cutting fraud) and the National Cumber Strategy (building resilience).

#### **Programme Deliverables:**

FCCRAS will deliver a new national reporting service that offers improved reporting tools and support services for victims, better intelligence to policing for investigations, and allows for greater prevention and disruption at scale.

### **Key Delivery Dates:**

Following approval of a revised business case including funding and new detailed implementation plan, the programme is working to the following timeline for implementation of the new service:

Public Beta: 04 November 2025

Full-Service Go Live: 04 December 2025

Campaign Launch: January 2025

CoLP and PwC, the FCCRAS delivery partner, opted to pivot to a phased go-live, in line with the original November 2024 target date, to release the crime and intelligence platform in stages. Interim Release 1 of the system was achieved on 29<sup>th</sup> November 2024 and Interim Release 2 launched on 28<sup>th</sup> March 2025. This involved the training of CoLP employees, to enable them to utilise the functionality of the new platform in their daily tasks. At present the total number of users is 114, highlighting a major step forward in modernising how our National Lead Force tackles fraud.

#### **Delivery Status:**

The FCCRAS programme is currently reporting as 'AMBER'. Delivery confidence remains high, despite there being limited contingency remaining in the delivery plan.

The programme has delivered significant progress across it's 18 projects and related business activities. Key highlights from Q2 include:

- ✓ Transition: successful desktop dress rehearsal to map out the detailed timeline from a fortnight before Public Beta to Full Service go-live
- ✓ Website: web asset transfer from the previous supplier to new was accomplished, enabling the final upgrades to the website and public-facing content to take place ahead of go-live
- ✓ Technology: good progress in deployment of the solution from the supplier environment into CoLP's environment
- ✓ Test: successfully completed on 26/09, enabling the programme to move into private beta
- ✓ Design and Build: all items required for Public Beta (03 November) have been successfully delivered





## Assessment of national fraud intensifications and intelligence led operations.

### Op Haechi

Operation Haechi is an initiative developed by South Korean Police and led by the Interpol Financial and Anti-Corruption Centre (IFACC). The aim is to recall funds sent internationally as a result of fraud, without the use of an International Letter of Request (ILOR). This has developed from 10 member countries when if first ran in 2020 to 42 countries participating in Operation Haechi VI this year. The National Central Bureau (NCB) Manchester and the Intel Development Team (IDT) at the City of London Police are jointly leading the UK response.

This phase of Op Haechi VI took place from the 23<sup>rd</sup> of April to 22<sup>nd</sup> of August 2025. Within this period a total of 34 INTERPOL Global Rapid Interventions were released by the intelligence team. This is a stop-payment mechanism within INTERPOL. 135 referrals were also made through Action Fraud overnight submissions.

### Op Tonic

Op Tonic is an ongoing umbrella term that has been used to house romance fraud questionnaires and incorporates Protect work nationally, with Protect officers distributing awareness posters, Protect messaging going out on social media, and joint working with Barclays, using their roadshow vans to engage with the public and raise awareness of this criminality.

IDT have provided the Metropolitan Police Service with the London locations of romance fraud victims to assist with the placement of Protect posters at London bus stops. For 25/26 to date, OP Tonic has received 213 romance fraud questionnaires which seek to gain further intelligence which might not have been identified during the initial Action Fraud report.

The recent intensification week ran 29<sup>th</sup> September to 5<sup>th</sup> October, to align with Romance Fraud Awareness Week and the in-person Date Safe conference. It is hoped there will be a reduction in dating scam reports. Reports for the week prior to the intensification week, will be compared against the week itself, and the week after, with the results to be analysed.



### **Upcoming intensification**

### Op Callback

In Q2 preparations for Operation Callback 2 have taken place. This operation aims to identify and arrest subjects involved in courier fraud. The MPS are leading the operation, and the London Proactive Economic Crime Team (PECT) will be staffing it and taking offences UK-wide.

The objective of Op Callback is a reduction in the number of courier fraud offences, and the arrest and prosecution of offenders. Success will be measured by looking at offending patterns over time and measuring the number of arrests, charges and prosecutions.

The operation will run for 8 weeks from 6<sup>th</sup> Oct to 30<sup>th</sup> Nov. Preparation will take place 22<sup>nd</sup> Sept - 5<sup>th</sup> Oct, and the two weeks from 1<sup>st</sup> Dec will be used for any 'mopup'.

Within CoLP, the Intel Development Team will work on packages during the preparation period and LFOR will engage in national coordination throughout. The London PECT will be involved in proactive deployments.

Action Fraud have coordinated with Op Callback to issue an Alert and social media posts ahead of the intensification to warn the public about courier fraud.







## Increase positive outcomes for reported fraud and cyber crime nationally and locally

Increase positive outcomes for reported fraud and cyber crime nationally and locally

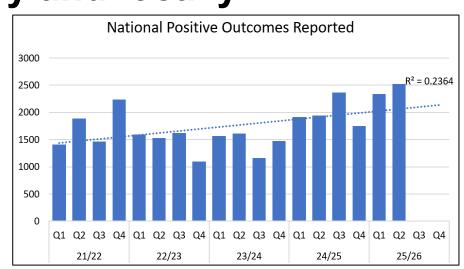
Nationally the positive trend has continued through Q2 25/26, with 2,521 positive outcomes; a 30% (+581) increase on the prior year comparative period which yielded 1,940 in total. In the first two quarters of 25/26 4,863 positive outcomes have been reported. This is an increase of 27% on 3,851, the prior year comparative period, which was also an extremely robust year.

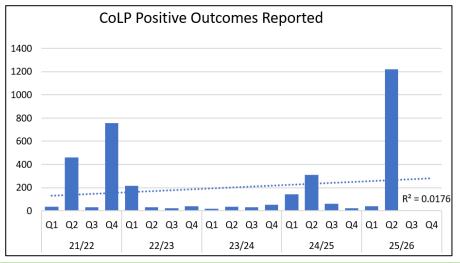
Key drivers across the first 6-month period include an Investment Fraud operation from NLF CoLP yielding 1,199 outcomes in September. This is key to the Q2 performance as average monthly returns were beginning to drop, from 780 in Q1 to just 441 in Q2.

As stated in the previous report, Q1 reflected strong monthly returns from many forces, in combination with large returns from two forces; a Ponzi scheme and a large return for an Abuse of Position Fraud from one, and a Retail Fraud from the other. These totalled more than 350 outcomes from each of these forces in one month.

It is these large one-off yields from forces that can push national annual positive outcomes from circa 6k to 8k per annum and even above the 24/25 total of 7,966 positive judicial outcomes.

Total CoLP positive outcomes across all units remain flat with circa 12 returns average a month excluding large one-off operations. However, the pipeline remains strong.





#### Response

In Q2 the National Coordinators Office (NCO) published a Regional Engagement Report that provides comprehensive detail of the findings from the regional assessments held last financial year. 73 recommendations flow from the report.

The NCO continue to work with forces in providing guidance and support in expectation of forthcoming HMICFRS visits. 9 forces have been supported to date, with a further 3 booked and 4 more in the pipeline.

As stated, NLF CoLP recorded an Investment Fraud which yielded 1,199 positive outcomes. There are still a number of live investigations into Investment Frauds ongoing within CoLP, which are young and at a pre-charge stage, but all hold significant volumes of victims.

Total outcomes reported in a period can relate to disseminations from any time. The volume of outcomes fluctuates throughout the year as cases with varying numbers of crimes attached are completed. For example, one investigation into a boiler room might have hundreds of outcomes attached to it and closing the case will give many outcomes, potentially bringing closure to multiple victims.





Be one of the most inclusive and trusted police services in the country

### Implement our Equity, Diversity and Inclusion Strategy

### Original forecast:

Actions status	Q1 (Actual)	Q2 (Forecast)	Q3 (Forecast)	Q4 (Forecast)	
Completed	4	9	22	28	
In progress	20	19	6	0	
Not started	4	0	0	0	

The Inclusivity, Culture and Organisational Development (ICOD) Team committed to 28 'high actions' for year 1. We are at the end of Q2 and have completed 7 actions and commenced all actions. These include completing the Public Sector Equality Duty report, review of the Staff Networks, and implementing Senior Leadership training with Exeter University. The risk is the evaluation work, which has moved into Year 2. Evaluation is a vital piece of work, to inform us of impact and delivery against the strategy. This work is ongoing but delayed.

### End of Q1 forecast:

Actions status	Q1 (Actual)	Q2 (New Forecast)	Q3 (New Forecast)	Q4 (New Forecast)	Year 2
Completed	4	5	12	23	28
In progress	20	23	16	5	0
Not started	4	0	0	0	0

### End of Q2 forecast:

Actions status	Q1 (Actual)	OZIACIIIAII	Q3 (New Forecast)	Q4 (New Forecast)	Year 2
Completed	4	7	12	23	28
In progress	20	21	16	5	0
Not started	4	0	0	0	0

The forecast has been revised in response to unforeseen challenges and unplanned demand requiring a prioritised response. Examples of some of the unforeseen demand includes:

- establishment of a working group to coordinate and oversee CoLP's response to the legal implications and cultural impact of the Supreme Court ruling on biological sex
- Tactical lead for the planning and delivery of the annual National Black Police Association conference at the Guildhall
- Assuming strategic and tactical lead for Wellbeing inn CoLP alongside HR.

Consequently, completion of the evaluation action will shift into Year 2.





## Enhance our approach to engaging with communities and responding to their needs

Quarter 2 has seen a continuation of wide-ranging community engagement, building on the activities of the previous quarter

- Following on from the completion of the 6 Cluster Panel meetings in May, work has been taking place to build on and improve the delivery model. To widen the opportunity to attend each cluster area will now have one 'in- person' session and one 'online' meeting. A Cluster 'lite' pack has been created which will be sent out to attendees prior to the meeting with high level cluster crime data, an agenda and an invitation to send questions in advance. Dates have been set between 5<sup>th</sup> and 21<sup>st</sup> November 2025 where all 6 panels will take place.
- City of London Police remain actively engaged with residents in the City through a wide range of initiatives including newsletters, 'Coffee with a Cop', community drop-ins and crime prevention advice etc.
- Partnership working with the Corporation's City Belonging Project has also been utilised in order to remain actively engaged with our worker communities across the Square Mile.
- 57 engagement activities took place across the quarter including bike marking, phone marking, general community engagement, and crime prevention advice, cycle safety campaigns and City Intel Crime webinars keeping our City businesses updated on protest activity and crime trends. This included 1 school engagement activity and 2 faith focused sessions.
- Across the period, there was a good mix of Dedicated Ward Officer initiated and community requested activities demonstrating both a reactive and proactive approach to tackling, offering reassurance around and preventing crime.
- There have been regular targeted community events aligned to various operations and projects (including Swipe, Reframe, Servator, Violence against Women and Girls etc) across the period to provide reassurance to, actively engage and provide crime prevention advice to our communities residents, businesses, workers and visitors.
- A week of concerted activity took place from 22<sup>nd</sup> to 26<sup>th</sup> September focusing on the force's Safer City Streets campaign, an approach to prevention, partnership and problem solving, which also saw the launch of the 'City Safe Bus'. This will be stationed near Liverpool Street, staffed by police officers and volunteers and will be a Safe Haven for women and girls going forward.
- Successful collaborative working has continued across the square mile with the City Business Improvement Districts including planning for '16 Days of Activism' from 25<sup>th</sup> November and future VAWG campaigns in the City of London. CoLP officers and staff also participated in the September City Question Time answering questions from the public and demonstrating our close working relationship with the Corporation.
  - An internal City of London Police engagement mapping workshop took place in July 2025 exploring how we work with our partners and who they are to ensure meaningful and effective relationships are maintained. Subsequent meetings with the Corporation Community Safety Manager, Head of Comms and PAB Strategic Communications and Engagement Lead in September will build on this in the coming months embedding a closer working relationship and collaborative community engagement opportunities across the organisations and with our partners.

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### **Complaint handling quality**

Professional Standards Department (PSD) has a number of processes to review the quality of public complaints. These complaints may also involve allegations of police misconduct and therefore also become conduct investigations.

Internally: A quarterly dip-sampling process is conducted which reviews the quality of decision making and identifies any individual or organisational learning.

From the Q1 dip-sampling, key internal themes include:

- Ensuring all complaint investigations have clear supervisory plans. This has resulted in investigation templates being added and enhanced second-line supervisor reviews.

<u>Externally:</u> Five randomly selected cases are submitted to Professionalism & Trust Committee quarterly for scrutiny. This involves an anonymised case summary, outcome, timeliness and learning identified. These cases are also reviewed by the Head of PSD following random selection to assess the case handling quality and identify any learning or process improvements.

From the Q1 dip-sampling, there are no consistent themes, however a number of cases involved police witnesses who had witnessed or reported alleged wrongdoing. The de-brief of these police witnesses has led to improvements in welfare provision for all involved persons, including the use of case conferences for more complex matters to ensure that the needs of victims and witnesses are also addressed.

<u>Peer learning:</u> A review of two complaint investigations of alleged sexual misconduct were resolved with no case to answer. These cases were peer reviewed and the outcomes agreed with, however recommendations made that PSD investigators undergo training to improve 'trauma-informed' victim support.



### Be an employer of choice

### Force headcount and leavers

Achieve and maintain at least 90% of our Police staff permanent establishment (quarterly)

90.9%

Maintain our officer uplift commitment (Home office assessment, biannually)

100%

The CoLP officer headcount has remained steady since 2022/23 to meet the uplift target. The officer headcount was 1011 at 30 September 2025, up from 1007 at 30 June 2025.

The Staff headcount has increased 0.8% between June and September 2025 to 663 Headcount.

Current growth forecasts suggest funding for up to 77 staff and officer roles is being sought with recruitment planned up to 2027/28; additionally, O3C is estimated to grow by 79 posts across officers and staff to 2027/28.

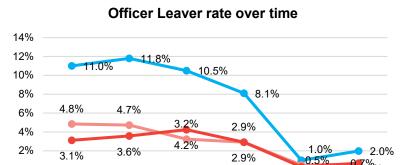
Specials headcount has decreased from 49 in June to 45 in September 2025. Recruitment in 2024/25 saw 12 Specials recruited to CoLP, a further 21 Specials are profiled to join in 2025/26.

The leaver rate has declined for both officers and staff in the last two years. The officer leaver rate increased from 1% in June 2025 to 2% in September 2025, staff leavers has increased from 1.7% to 2.3% in the same period.

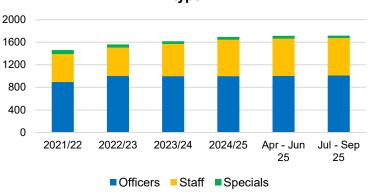
Nationally, officer resignations have continued to surpass retirements for 2024/25. Although CoLP data followed the same pattern in 2023/24, it has not yet continued in the same trajectory when taking all retirements including medical retirements into account. National data trends also suggested higher levels of officer resignations with 2-5 years service following Uplift, among current leavers April – September, 20% had 2-5 years service.

4 Specials have left between July-September 2025, a cohort of trainee and transferee Specials is scheduled for October with up to 19 Specials joining.

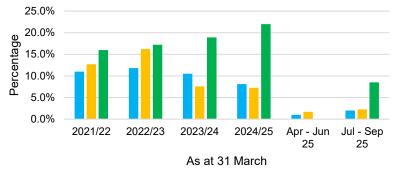
The Retention and Exiting Working Group continue to review exit survey data to understand key reasons for leaving and will carry out a review of the Stay Pathway at the end of the first year in November 2025. The exit survey has been suggested to be adapted for internal moves to understand reasons for moving and highlighting any specific team issues. Work has started to pull this together.



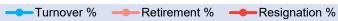
### Workforce Headcount over time by worker type



### Leaver rate over time by worker type



■ Officer Turnover % ■ Staff Turnover %



2024/25

Apr - Jun Jul - Sep 25

2023/24

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2021/22



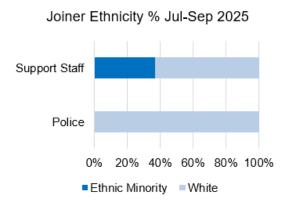
■ Specials Turnover %

### Attract, recruit and retain the best talent

In the period July – September 2025:

- 48 campaigns were advertised externally and/or internally, 5 of which have already secured conditional offers. This is down from 88 campaigns advertised April-June 2025. It is likely the summer period impacted on recruitment.
- On average, 11 applications were received per campaign (previous average of 19 applications per campaign).
- Two campaigns received a higher number of applications, 90 (Information Security Analyst) and 66 (Intelligence Analyst), and were advertised widely including the CoLP website, LinkedIn, College of Policing and Indeed.
- 6 campaigns (66/33 officer/staff) received no applications; 4 officer campaigns were advertised internal only.
- 37 campaigns have made an offer; this relates to 51 individuals. 1 individual has withdrawn. The majority of successful candidates confirmed they saw the advert on the CoLP website.
- 89% of campaigns advertised in this period have not yet confirmed an offer, with some campaigns still open.
- CoLP's Glassdoor, a website where current and former employees anonymously review companies, operated by the company of the same name. rating is currently 3.4 out of 5 (no change from June 2025) with 72% (up 1%) confirming they would recommend CoLP to a friend.





- 23 officers and 19 staff joined the force. A change of +43% for officers (16 joiners April June), and -26.9% change for staff (26 joiners April-June). Officer diversity has reduced.
- There were 24 officer (down from 46), and 16 staff internal moves in this 3-month period (down from 46 officers, 9 staff internal moves April-June).

### Next Steps:

- The Attraction Strategy is continuing to be drafted. This strategy will look to improve campaign offer success rates and initiatives to attract the best talent, with a focus on building the employer brand and ratings, such as on Glassdoor. Plus, develop further initiatives that encourage equality, diversity and inclusion (EDI).
- We have signed a new contract with LinkedIn and will be working more closely with them to better utilise our usage of their products such as featured job slots, in line with the priority recruitment areas highlighted within the Workforce Plan.
- Candidates are engaging positively with our roles on LinkedIn, with the number of individuals clicking through to our jobs profile increasing by 10.6% in the last 3 months.



### Improve our productivity



### **Crime Data Integrity Standards**

	Total (not N100s)		Violence		Sexual		Other		N100s		
Q2	203	199	199     96.6% +1%       58     56     66	98	98.4% +4%		98.8% +11.8%		92% +2%		
<b>QZ</b>	200				58	56	61	60	84	83	25
	Disclosed	Recorded		Disclosed	Recorded	Disclosed	Recorded	Disclosed	Recorded	Disclosed	Recorded
	98	%	+4.9%								

### 2025/26 Quarter 2 Compliance - Crimes Disclosed/Crimes Recorded

The exceptional overall compliance of 98% is over 8% higher than at the end of 2024/25.

Overall compliance has improved continuously since Q3 in 2024/25.

A key factor in this improvement has been the Crime Management Unit's daily checks of Occurrences created in the previous 24 hours. Through this they view Niche records which have not been tasked to them and are able to spot 'missed' crimes.

We are continuing to scrutinise Theft from Shop/Robbery recording, since the change to Home Office Counting Rules in April. Performance remains strong - an audit of 50 Theft From Shop Occurrences found only one case which should have been recorded as a Robbery.

An audit on crime cancellations showed a strong compliance rate of 91.2%, with most of the failures being process issues rather than incorrect decisions. These were addressed directly with the staff responsible.

### Q3 Priorities.

- Fraud process changes to improve recording and allocation quality are in discussion. A training session for Crime Management Unit (CMU), jointly produced with Fraud Operations, will be run in October.
- Outcomes an audit on Community Resolutions revealed concerns over their use and recording. This has been taken up with Administration Of Justice team and will be discussed at the next Crime Standards Board.
- Training briefings with CMU continue to be delivered on topics which are raised by staff, or on knowledge gaps identified in audits





### Use data to inform our decisions

City of London Police now has 9 Published Power BI dashboards for internal use to drive decision making these contain over 50 different reports within them. The most popular dashboards remain;

- Supervision Dashboard providing oversight of all investigations and investigation compliance across all teams in COLP
- Occurrence Dashboard providing mapping, trend analysis and outcome information for crime and incidents in the city.
- Suspect Management Dashboard providing trends and oversight of suspects listed outstanding or wanted, the investigations they are concerned in and the harm associated with them.

Live data is now used in performance meetings at a force, directorate, and team level for both accountability purposes and to determine activity, taskings and outputs.

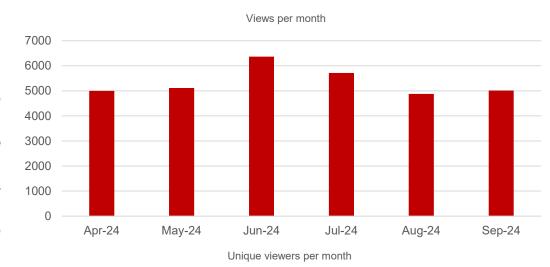
These dashboards are also used to inform broader strategic meetings including Strategic Vulnerability Board and Crime standards board.

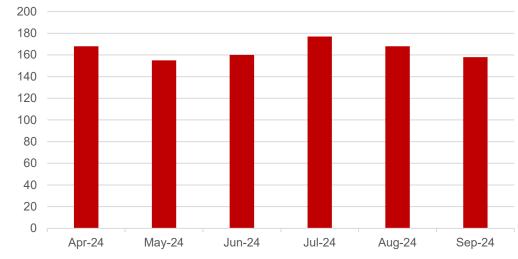
The number of views and unique viewers for the top 3 dashboards has been monitored since April 2025 and cannot be provided historically. This shows a stable trend in the number of views and viewers across the dashboards with no new dashboards being realised in the period this is to be expected.

In addition to 14 general training sessions held across COLP to build use and understanding CoLPs Data Improvement Programme is developing a programme of training to be delivered in 25/26 to ensure each team understands how they can use the data available to them to help in decisions they make in their role. This is due to begin in Q3 2025.

In Q3 the Suspect Management dashboard revisions and associated processes work continues and the custody data modelling process is due to start focussing initially on arrests and custody disposal information. Additionally work to improve vulnerability and safeguarding data availability and understanding as well as information relating to the implementation of Right Care Right Person is set be made available through Power BI dashboards.

Additionally CoLP is setting up a Data Quality Subgroup to ensure progress with data quality issues identified through the data publication can be addressed and actions further building the confidence in using these data sources to inform decision making.







### Make the best use of our resources

The revenue outturn at Q2 (1 April – 30 September) 2025/26 is forecast to be breakeven (£122.4m) with net pay savings, additional Home Office grant income (relating to the 2025 pay award) and other unplanned savings offsetting current cost pressures in the year.

This is an improved position compared to Q1 where the outturn forecast was expected to be a £0.9m overspend.

Whilst it is expected that the final outturn will remain within 1% of this breakeven position, with the tightening police finances, any additional cost pressures in the final quarter of 2025/26 will require the identification of compensating savings



### **Success Measure Assessment**

1	Service level has been met which is an improvement in performance OR An increasing significant data trend which is positive			
1	A decreasing significant data trend which is positive			
	Service level continues to be met			
$\Rightarrow$	There have been limited increases or decreases within tolerance levels			
•	Service level has not been met which is a decrease in performance OR A decreasing significant data trend which is negative			
-	Service level continues not to be met			
1	An increasing significant data trend which is negative			

A variety of success measures are utilised in this framework and their assessment status is determined in this table.

### **Defined Service Level**

Where a set service level is defined in this report (e.g. 90% compliance) the performance assessment is assessed on this quarters performance compared to last quarters performance.

### **Data Trends**

Where Statistical Process Charts are used; Normal random variation is expected, where volumes fall above and below the average and within the expected confidence limits (at 2 standard deviations, 95%). This is what is known as noise. SPC charts help to 'drown' out the noise by showing exceptions.

Significant data trends are identified

- where the data points fall above or below the control limits
- where there is a run of 7 data points above the average or below the average.
- where there is a month on month increase/ decrease for 7 months.

An early indication trend helps highlight emerging issues where 3 data points meet the above criteria and are highlighted through lower tier performance frameworks within COLP.

### **Narrative assessment**

Where there is non-defined success measures or statistical data analysis available a review of the qualitative data has been completed and the same trend analysis applied.





### Integrity Compassion Professionalism

